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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/827,393	04/05/2001	Koji Shimada	10873.692US01	6367	
75	12/30/2003		EXAM	EXAMINER	
Merchant & Gould P.C.			PERRY, ANTHONY T		
P.O. Box 2903 Minneapolis. N	1N 55402-0903		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2879		
			DATE MAILED: 12/30/200	3	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/827,393	SHIMADA ET AL.	SHIMADA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Anthony T Perry	2879		
The MAILING DATE of this communication riod for Reply	appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence address	5	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the re earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, howe reply within the statutory mini riod will apply and will expire sature. Cause the application to	ver, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.	
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0	7 November 2003			
·—	This action is non-fina			
,			rite ie	
3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und	er Ex parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	113 13	
sposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application	on.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) 4-6 is/are withdra	wn from consideration	n.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction at	nd/or election require	ment.		
pplication Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) obj	ected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	404/4/	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is required if th	e drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	. 12 I(a). .52	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the	attached Office Action of form PTO-1	52.	
riority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	•	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority docur	nents have been rece	eived.		
2 Certified copies of the priority docur	nents have been rece	eived in Application No		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	priority documents h	ave been received in this National Stag	ge	
application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ireau (PCT Rule 17.2 blist of the certified co	(a)). opies not received.		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78.	nestic priority under 3 ne first sentence of the	5 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional apples specification or in an Application Dat	plication) :a Sheet.	
a) The translation of the foreign languag	e provisional applicat	ion nas been received. E. I. S.C. && 120 and/or 121 since 2 st	necific	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor reference was included in the first sentence	nestic priority under a of the specification of	r in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFF	R 1.78.	
ttachment(s)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)		
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	- <i>'</i> =	Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15) Other:	2)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The amendment filed on 10/03/03, has been entered and acknowledged by the Examiner.

Claims 4-6 have been previously canceled in the amendment filed 3/31/03.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 2, line 2 states "formed so as to elongate a front end portion on an electron beam side of the mask frame." The claim does not establish a positional relationship of the mask frame and therefor the front end portion cannot be determined. The examiner has interpreted the claim to read --formed so as to elongate an end portion of the mask frame in a direction towards the center axis of the cathode ray tube-- in treating the claim based on their merits.

Regarding claim 3, lines 2-3 state "so as to protrude beyond a front end portion on an electron beam side of the mask frame." The claim does not establish a positional relationship of the mask frame and therefor the front end portion cannot be determined. The examiner has interpreted the claim to read --so as to protrude beyond an end portion of the mask frame in a direction towards the center axis of the cathode ray tube-- in treating the claim based on their merits.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hirasawa (US 5,160,287).

Regarding claim 1, Hirasawa teaches a color cathode ray tube in Fig. 2 that comprises a shadow mask 5 fixed to a mask frame 8. The CRT also comprises an inner magnetic shield 6 supported by the mask frame 8 and an electron shield 10 provided on the mask frame 8. The recitation "at least a part of the electron shield is formed of a material having a smaller anhysteretic magnetic permeability than the shadow mask, the mask frame, and the inner magnetic shield when an applied magnetic field is 800 A/m (10 Oe)" is considered to be functional language since no structural limitation is stated. Furthermore, the Hirasawa reference teaches that the shadow mask, the mask frame, and the inner magnetic shield are made of soft iron while the electron shield is made of aluminum (col. 4, lines 4-8).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirasawa (US 5,160,287) as applied to claim 1, above, in view of Kokubu et al. (US 4,931,690).

Regarding claim 2, Fig. 2 of Kirasawa does not clearly show the electron shield elongating an end portion of the mask frame in a direction towards the center axis of the cathode ray tube. However, it is conventional to have an end portion of the mask frame elongated so that part of the frame acts as the electron shield as shown in Fig. 4 of the Kokubu reference. The support frame is disposed as close as possible to the inner wall surface of the panel glass, and the inner end of the support frame is extended as much as possible toward the interior of the panel glass so as to enhance the effect of secondary electron shielding. Kokubu teaches that in such cases a steel sheet is used to form the electron shield instead of aluminum (col. 1, lines 26-43). However, steel, like aluminum, has a smaller anhysteretic magnetic permeability than soft iron.

Accordingly one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to have the electron shield elongating an end portion of the mask frame so as to have an integral mask frame and electron shield, reducing the number of pieces and manufacturing steps needed to produce such a device.

Regarding claim 3, Hirasawa teaches the electron shield 10 is formed from a member different from the mask frame 8. Fig. 2 of Kirasawa does not clearly show the electron shield protruding beyond the end of the mask frame in the direction of the center axis of the cathode ray tube. However it is conventional to have the electron shield extend beyond the mask frame as shown in Fig. 2 of the Kokubu reference. Kokubu also teaches that the electron shield 6 is commonly made of aluminum (col. 1, lines 19-21). Kokubu states that the electron shield

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should be close as possible to the inner wall surface of the panel glass as well as protruding as much as possible toward the interior of the panel glass so as to enhance the effect of secondary electron shielding (col. 1, lines 33-37).

Accordingly one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to have the electron shield be close as possible to the inner wall surface of the panel glass as well as having it protrude the desired amount toward the interior of the panel glass so as to enhance the effect of secondary electron shielding.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Sakurai et al. (US 4,472,657), Barbin (US 3,766,419), and Jeong et al. (US 5,298,832) show the mask frame and electron shield being formed integrally, where an end portion of the mask frame is elongated so as to act as the electron shield.

Demmy (US 4,002,941) and Iwamoto (JP 2001-229843) teach the electron shield being made of a separate material and protruding past an end portion of the mask frame.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to *Anthony Perry* whose telephone number is (703) 305-1799. The examiner can normally be reached between the hours of 9:00AM to 5:30PM Monday thru Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nimesh Patel, can be reached on (703) 305-4794. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-7382.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [Anthony.perry@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

ATP

Jose & Williams Gosph Wellin

Anthony Perry Patent Examiner Art Unit 2879 December 8, 2003